
FACET Design & Exp. Facilities Beam-Commissioning Status

U. Wienands

Director, Linac S0-20 Division

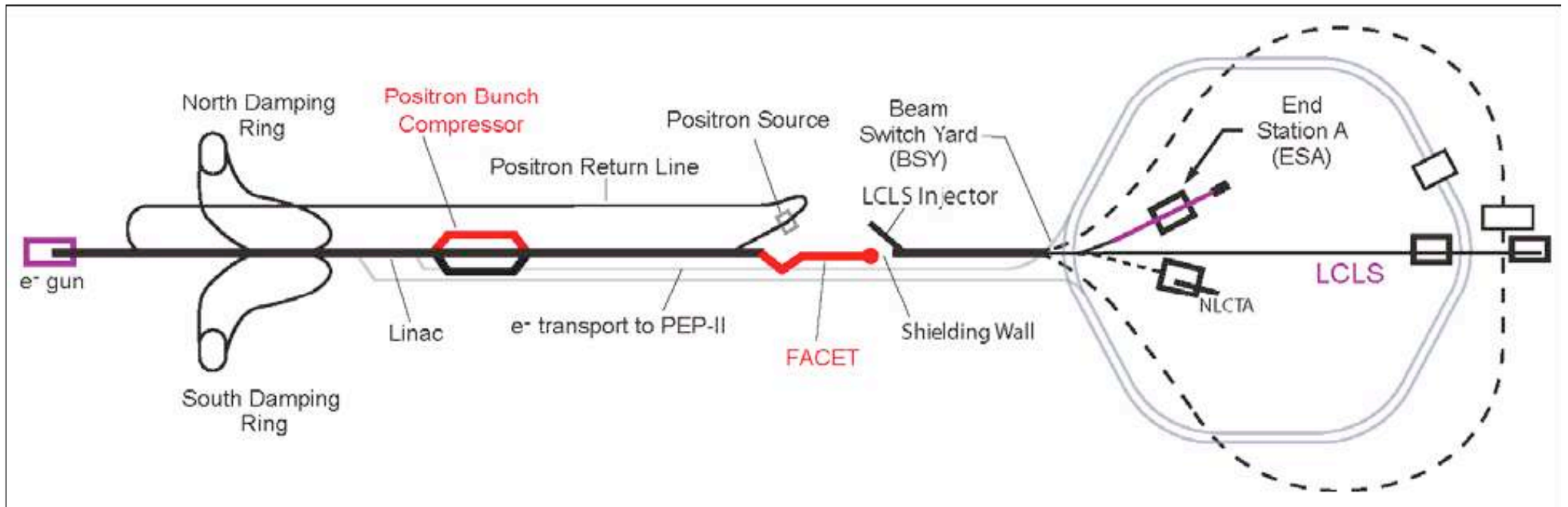
for the FACET Teams

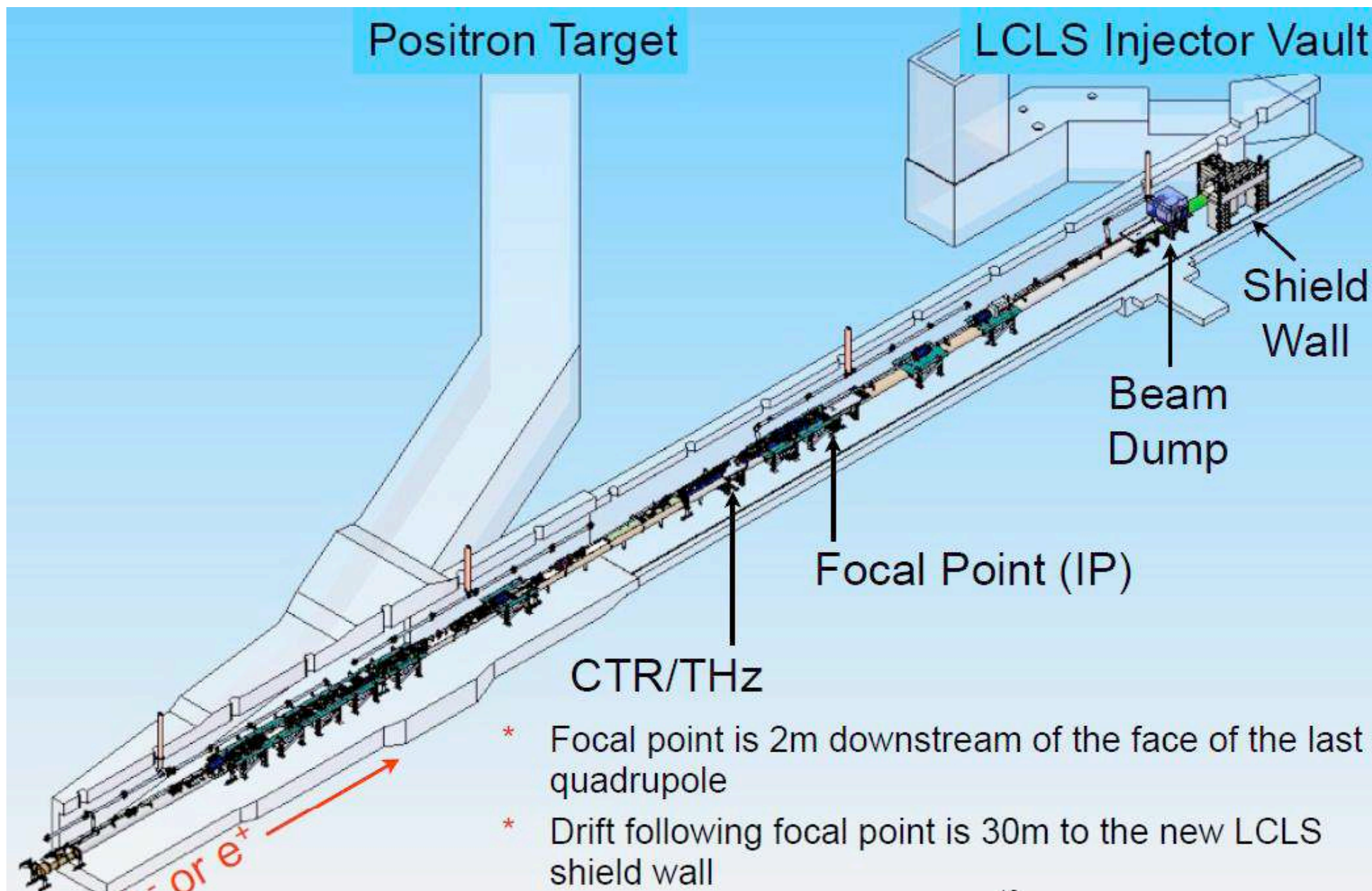
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- * After PEP-II termination in 2008, the first 2 km of the SLAC linac became available as LCLS uses only last km.
 - * > Proposal to resume PWFA experiments in Sec. 20
 - > FACET: Facility for Advanced accelerator Experimental Tests
 - * Funded Summer 2010, ≈ 1 y construction & installation
 - “FFTB in Sector 20”
 - * Subsequently a proposal process was implemented to facilitate other proposals.
 - * Will become a “National User Facility” later this year.

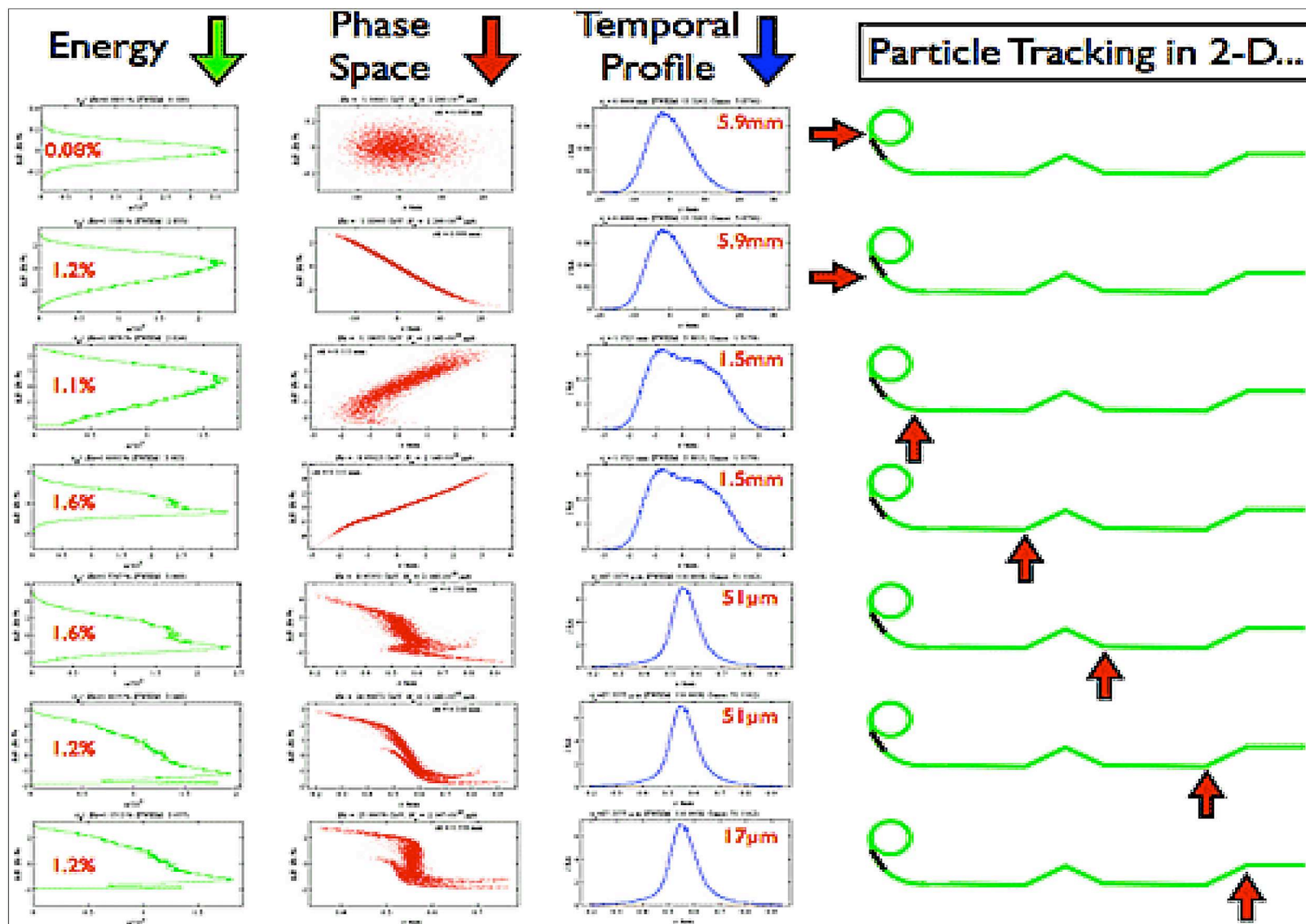
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- * The primary goal of FACET is proof in principle that plasma acceleration can accelerate a bunch
 - characterize the mechanism under beam loading
 - estimate parameters of the accelerated (witness-) bunch
 - estimate the efficiency and gradient reachable in practice
 - demonstrate acceleration of a positron bunch
 - * Beyond that, FACET will provide a facility to explore other accelerator physics issues
 - Dielectric Laser Acceleration
 - Wakefield measurements (ILC, CLIC)
 - Matter in extreme fields
 - New Beam-diagnostic methods (THz, S.-P. radiation etc.)
 - new radiation sources
 - * Short, small bunches, extreme peak intensity.

Energy	23 GeV
Charge per pulse	$0.5 - 2.0 \times 10^{10} e^-$ or e^+
Peak current	20 kA
Pulse length at IP (σ_z)	15 – 40 μm
Typical spot size at IP ($\sigma_{x,y}$)	10 – 20 μm
Repetition rate	1 – 30 Hz
Momentum spread	4 – 0.5% full width

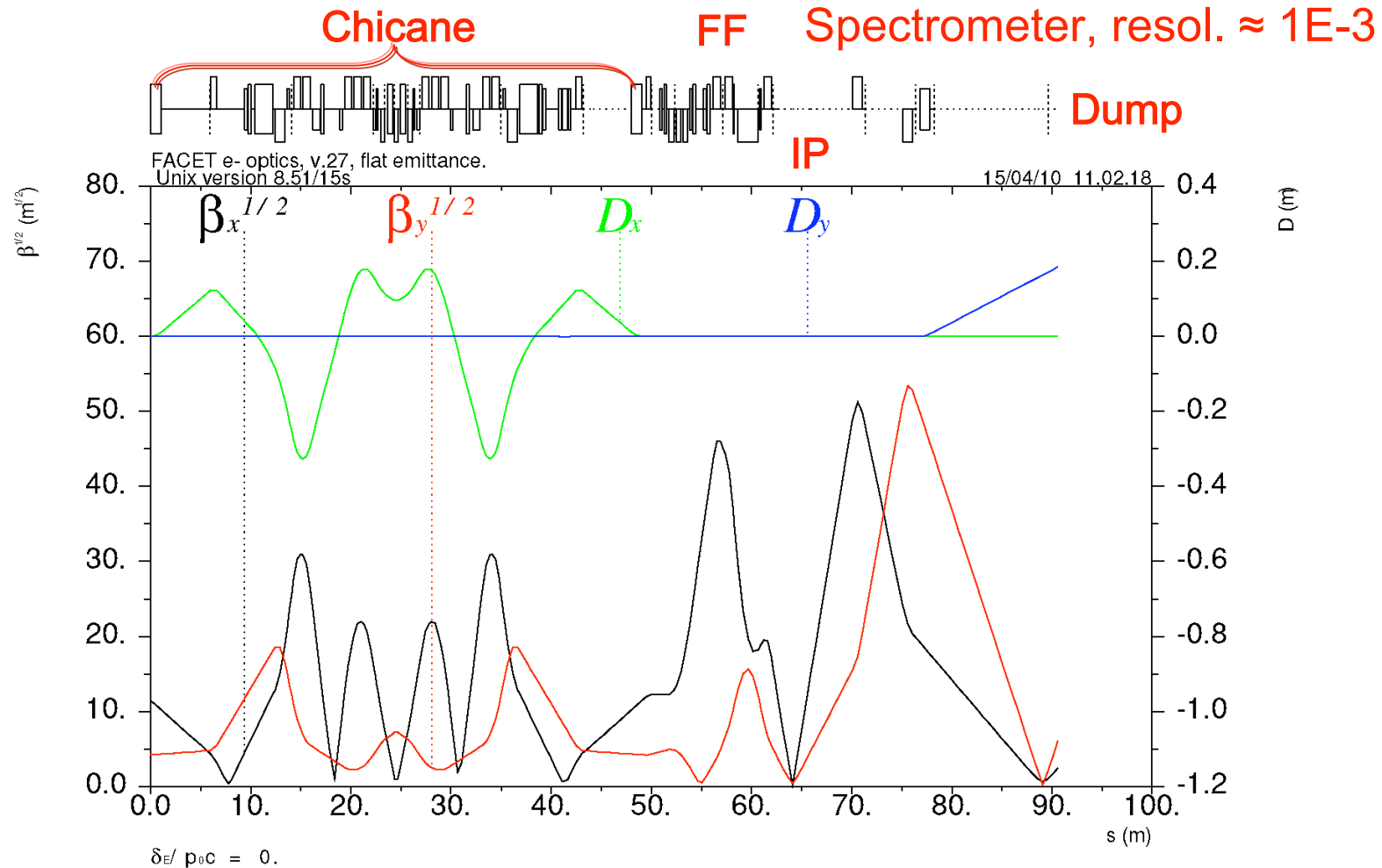
- * new compressor chicane and exp. area in Sec. 19-20.
- * driven by first 2/3rd of the SLAC 2-mile linac
- * new compressor chicane in Sec. 10 for e^+ , being installed
- * e^- now and later also e^+

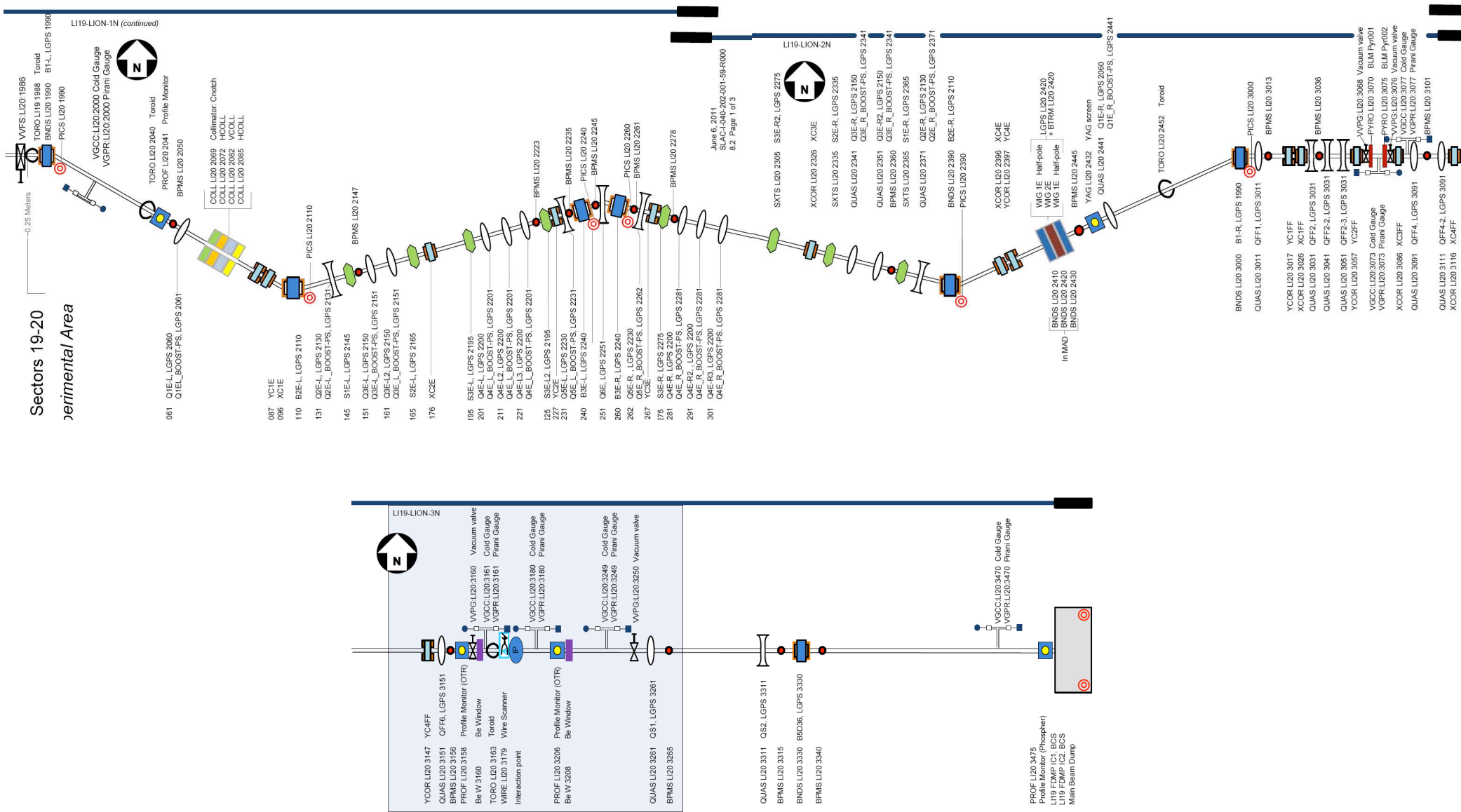


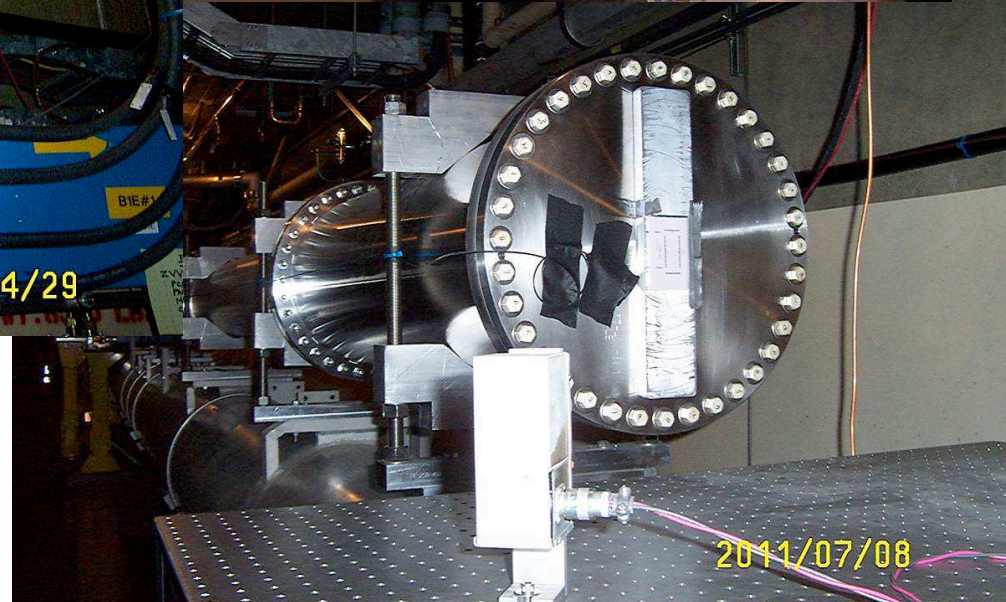




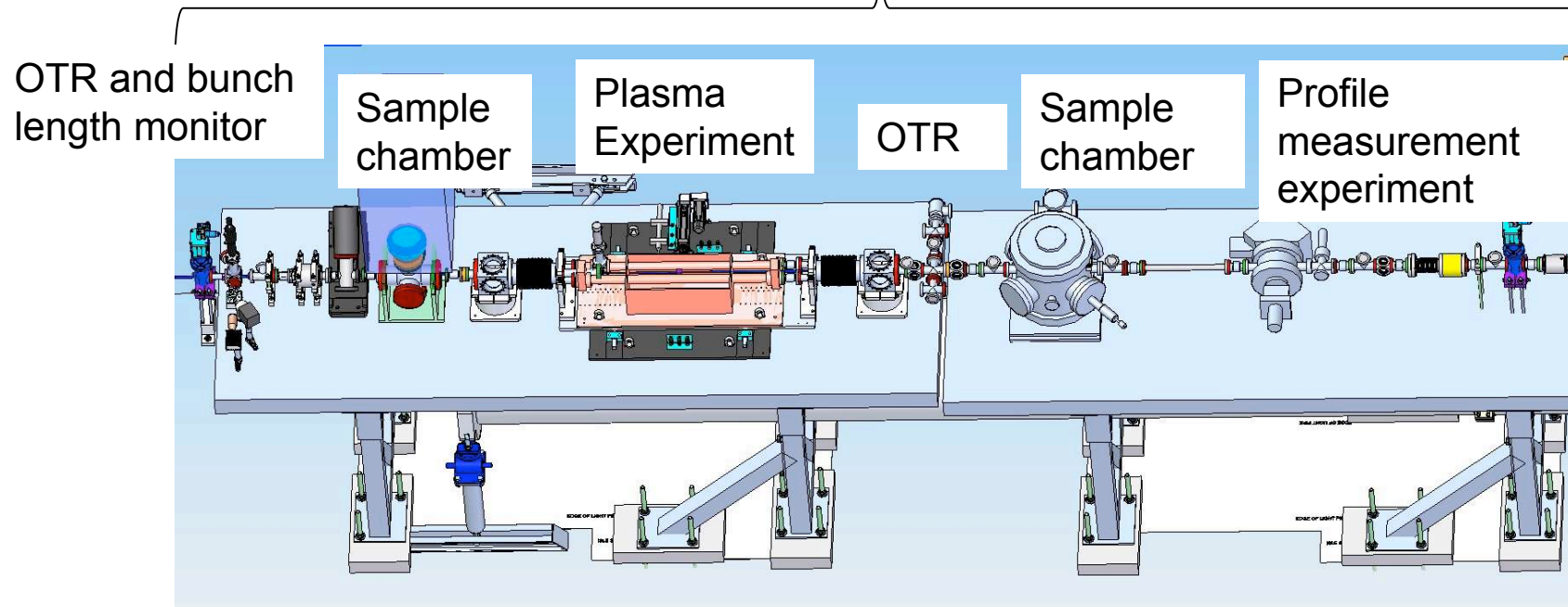
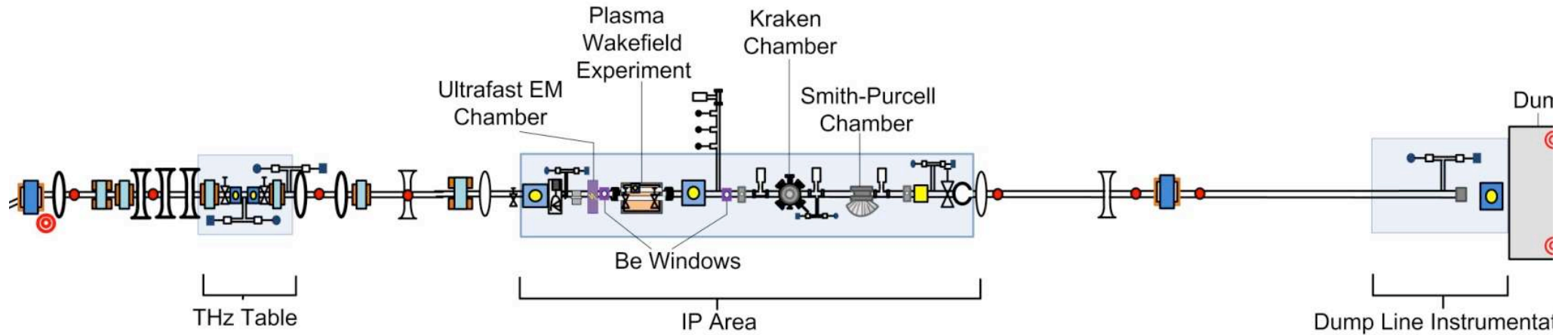
- * The Sector-20 optics provides a small round spot at IP with zero dispersion, $R_{56} = 4$ mm, and it is compatible with the future e+ chicane.
- * Incoming emittance and IP β -functions: $\gamma\varepsilon_x/\gamma\varepsilon_y = 50/5 \mu\text{m}\cdot\text{rad}$, $\beta_x/\beta_y = 1.5/15$ cm.

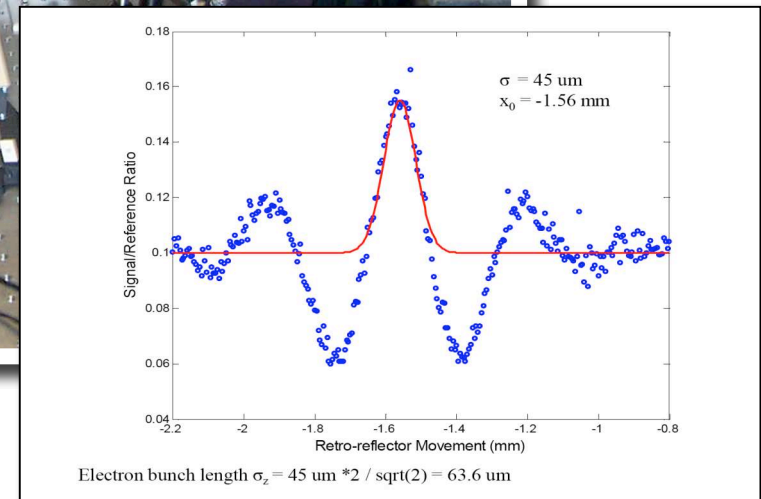
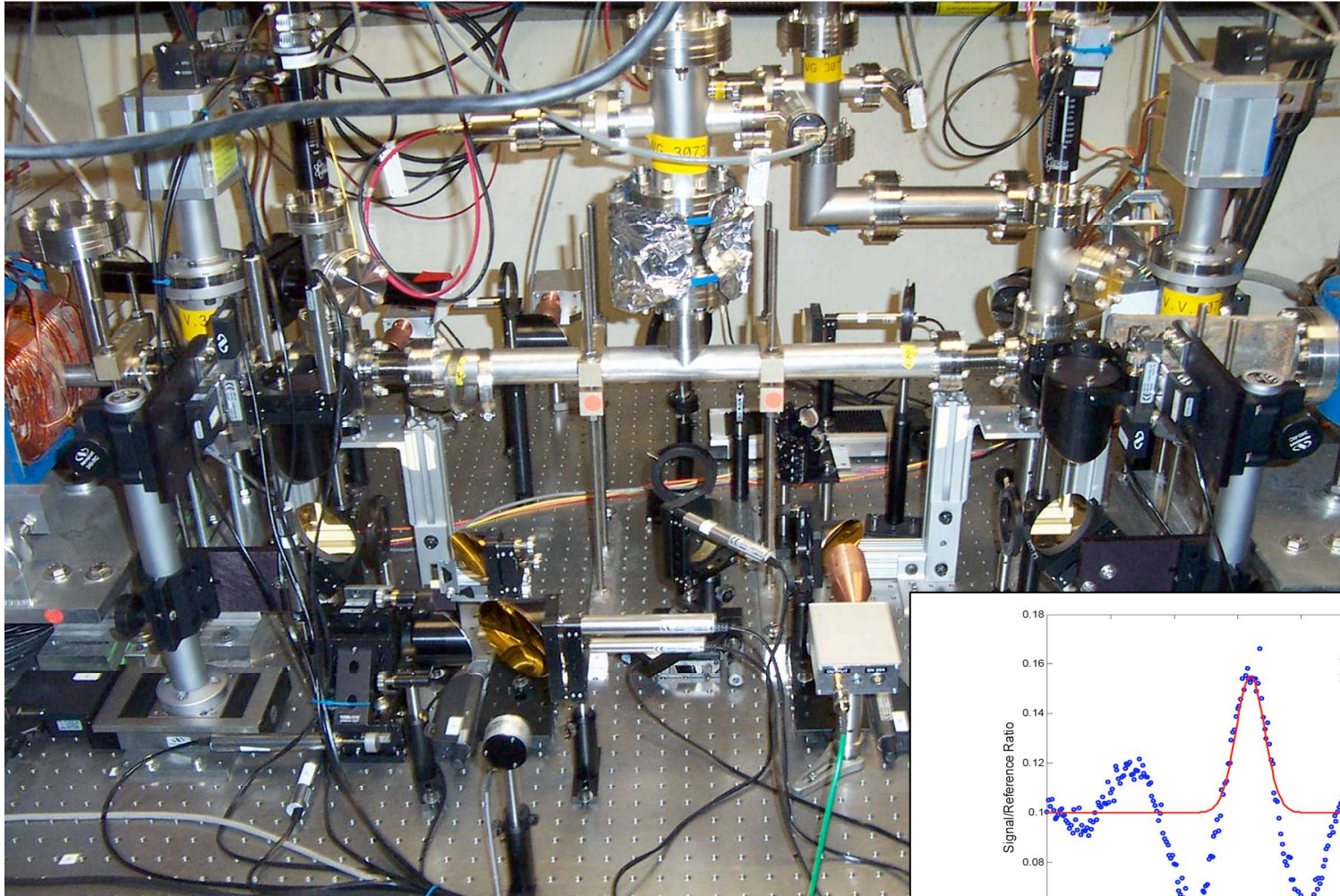




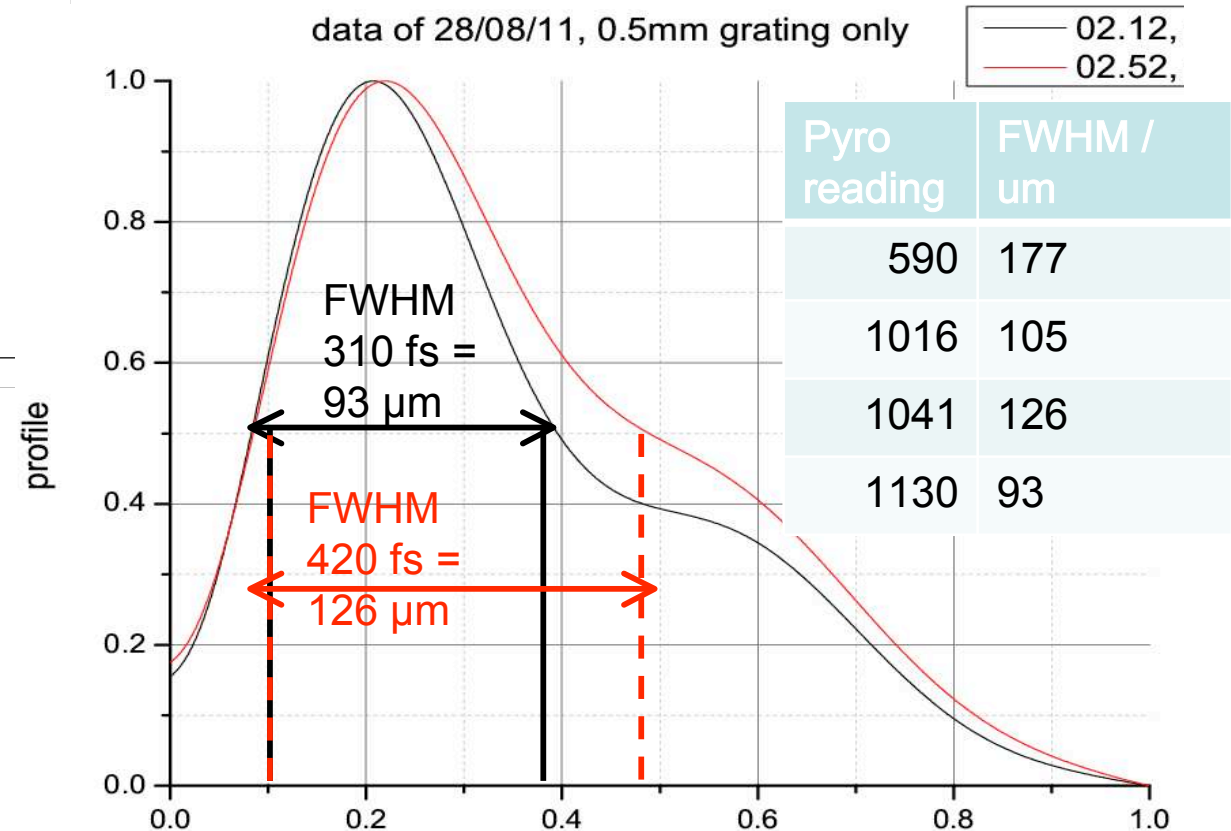
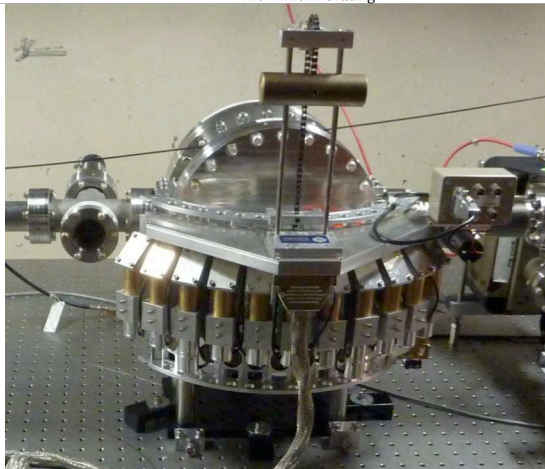
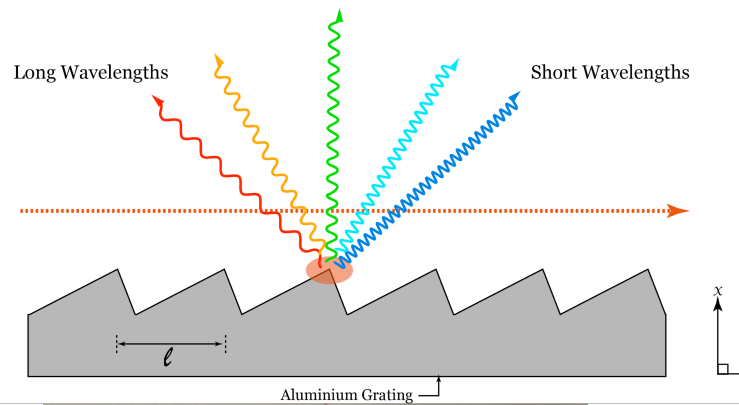


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- * There are four 8' optical tables to install experiments
 - upstream IP: THz radiation expt.
 - 2 Tables at IP: PWFA, DLA, Smith-Purcell, magnetic switching.
 - 1 Table at Dump: Cherenkov detectors for spectrometer.
 - * 4+1 Experiments are installed
 - * One primary user determines beam parameters (i.e. waist location) etc.
 - max. use of beam time minimizing installation time.
 - * The IP tables have a windowed vacuum system
 - 2 Be windows, 1 ss window downstream
 - Allow expt. installations that cannot meet linac vacuum specs.
 - * The 2nd IP table has a universal chamber (“Kraken”)
 - useful for smaller expts.

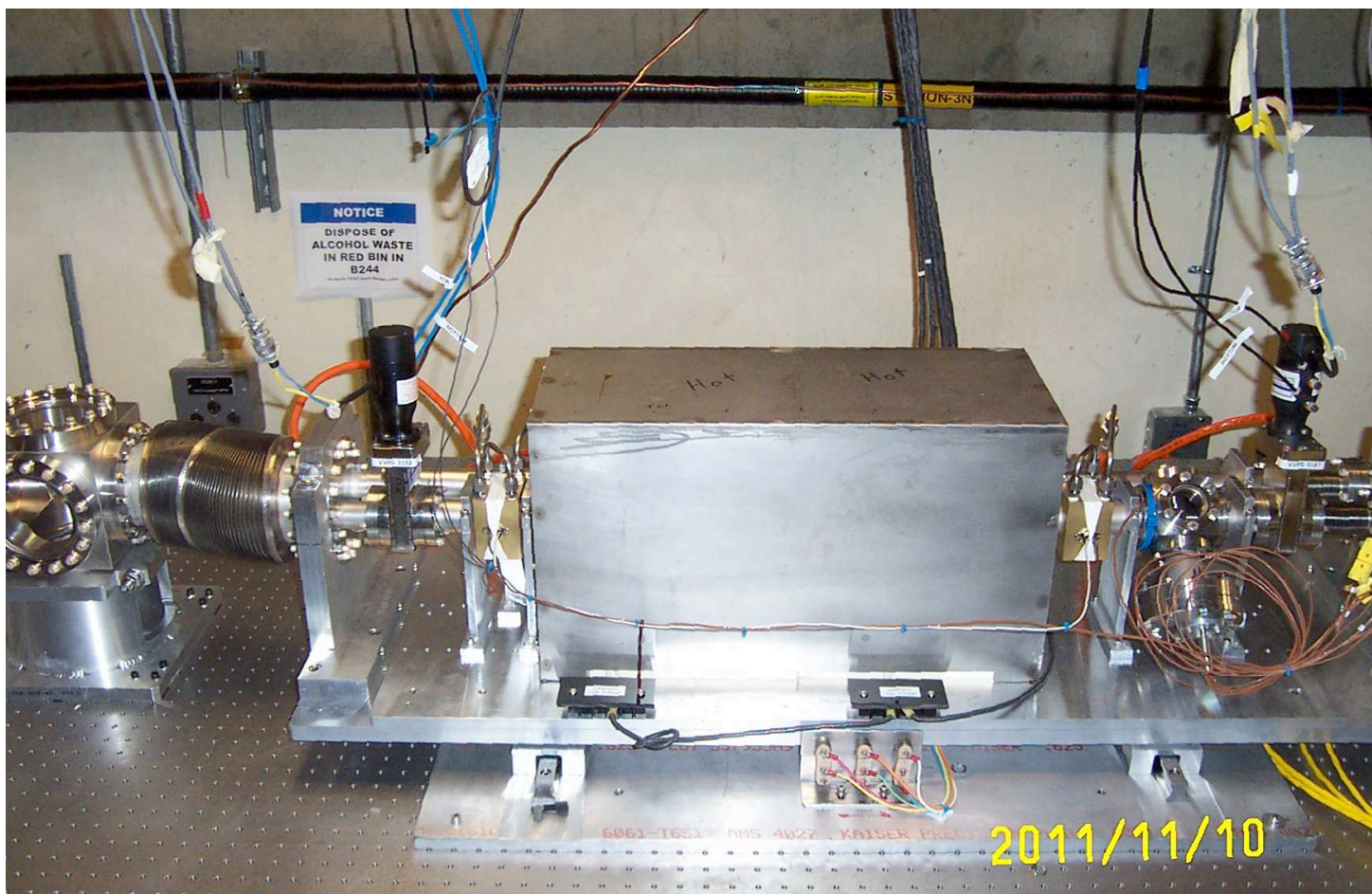




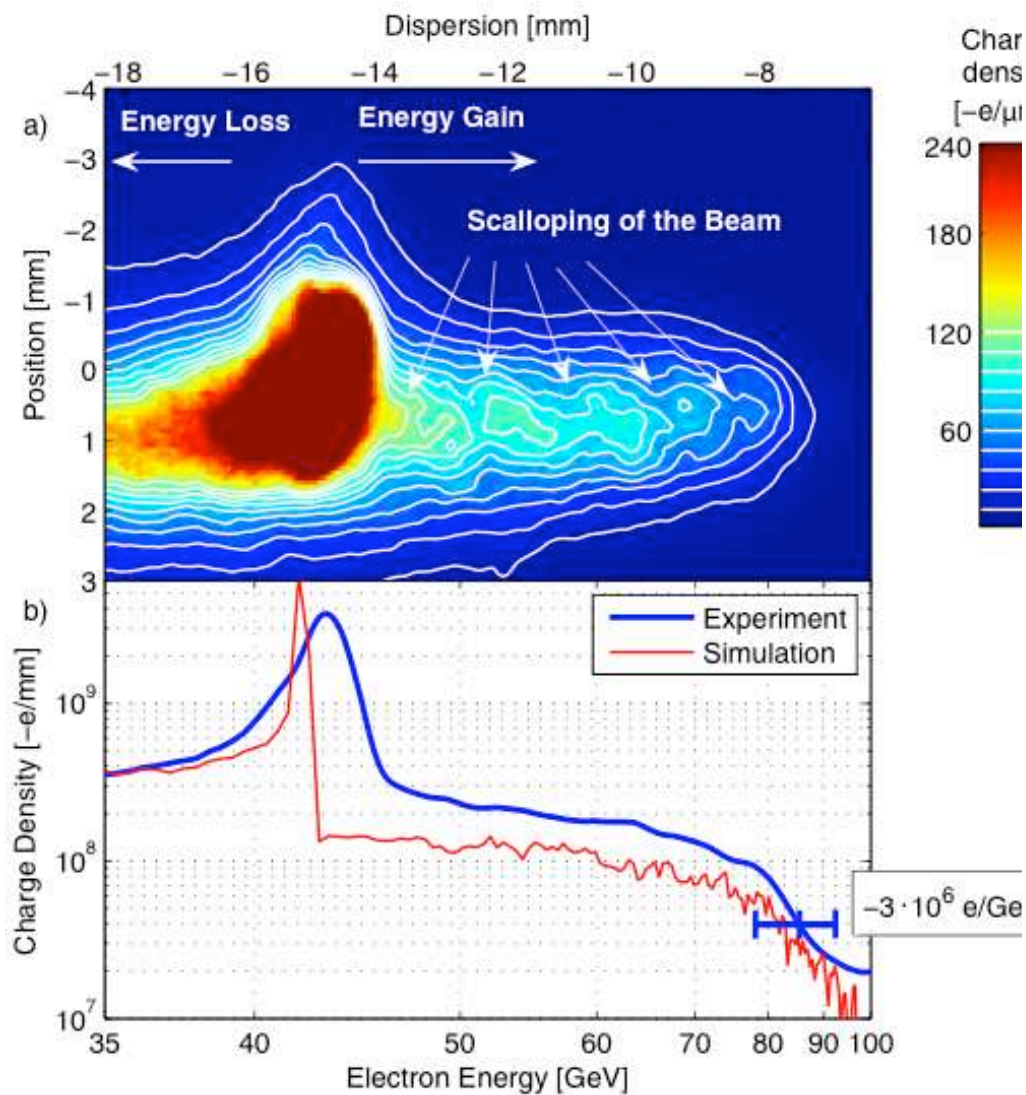
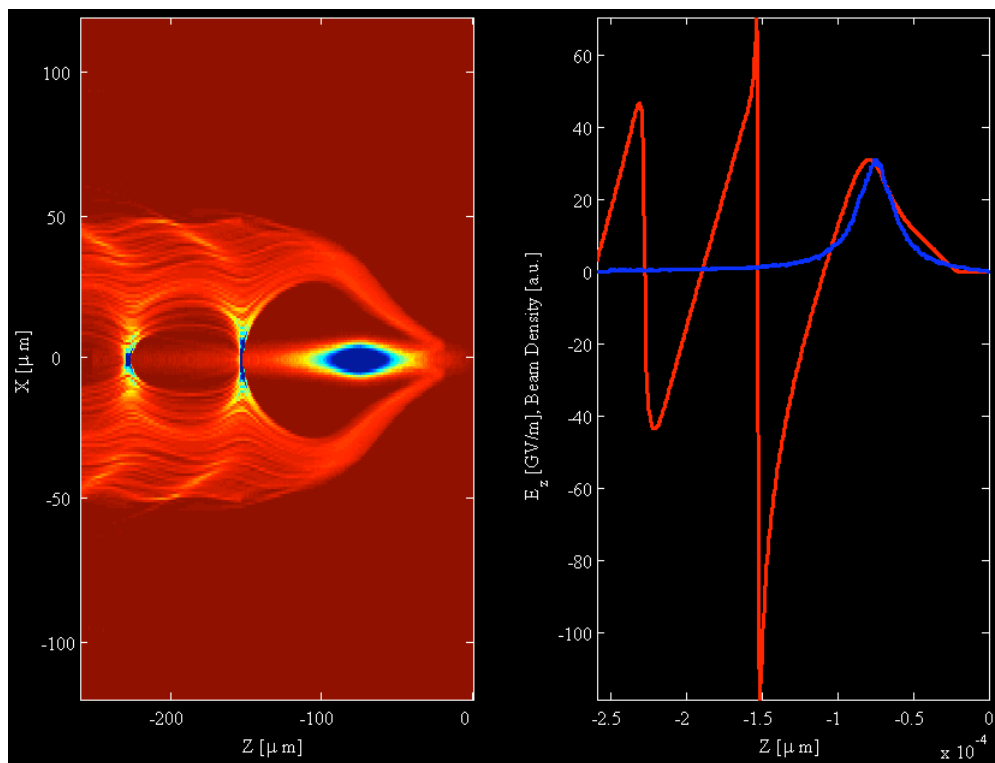
- Bunch Time Profile measurements with Coherent Smith-Purcell Radiation
- Over 30 hours of beam-time during User-Aided Commissioning
- Big success: made longitudinal profile measurements in new realm
- Beam requirements very relaxed but they do want to measure down to 50 fs
- Eventually, we would like to integrate this into suite of FACET diagnostics

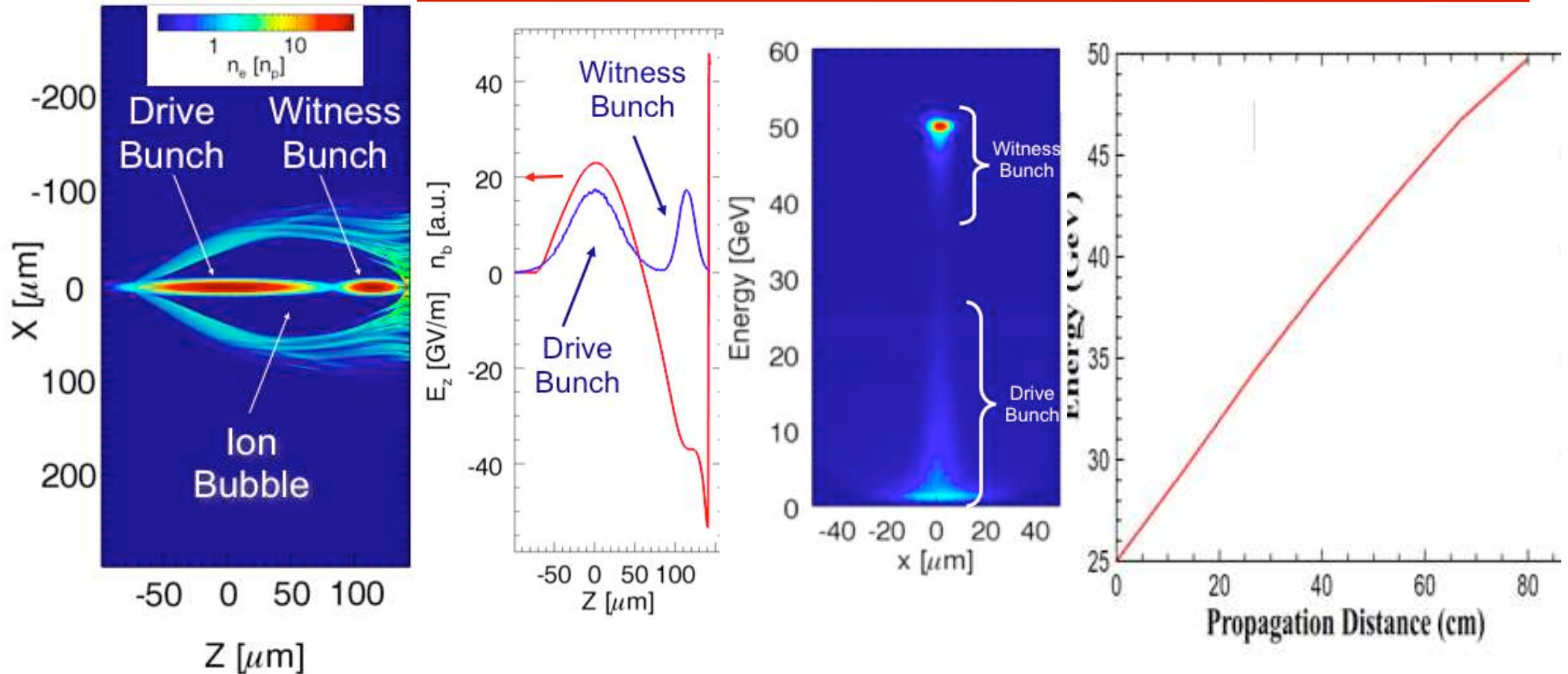


- * Engineering run this summer
 - Experimental setup commissioned

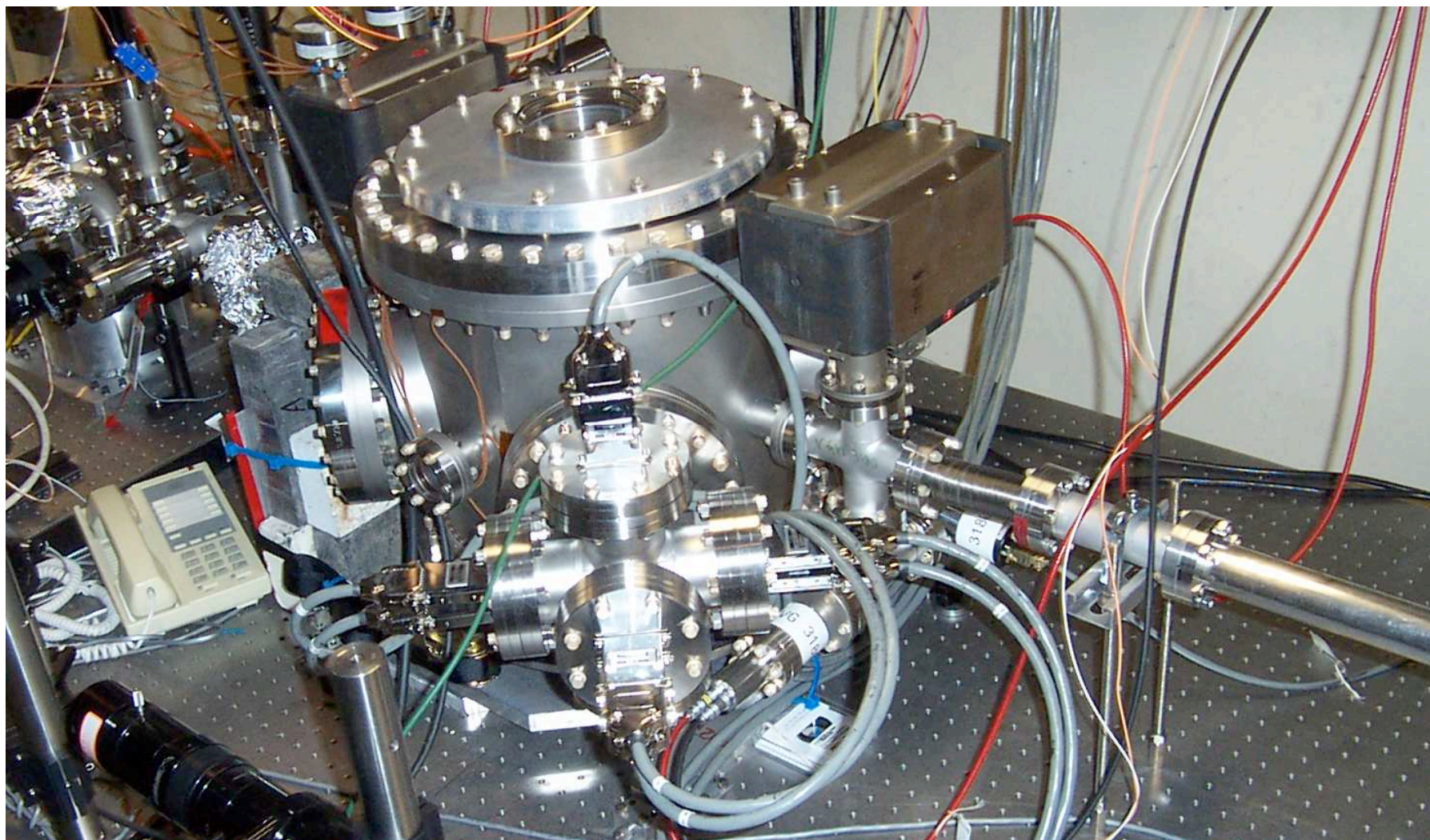


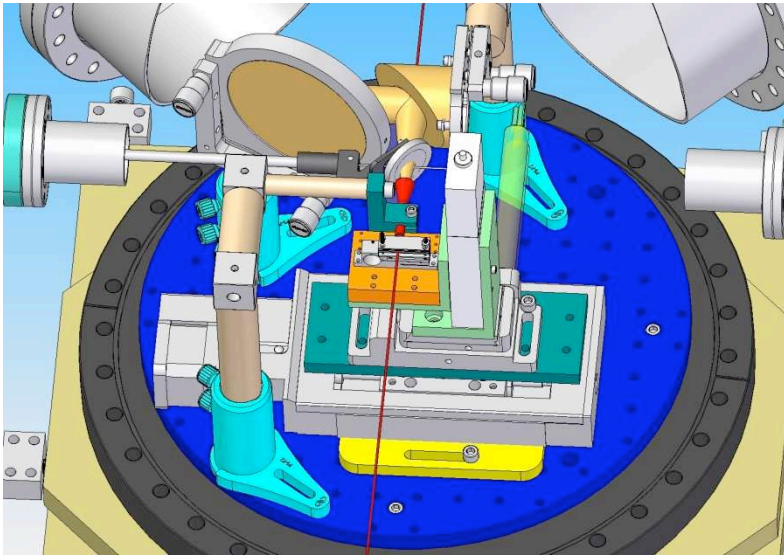
- * E-167: Acceleration Gradients of $\sim 50\text{GeV/m}$ (3,000 x SLAC)
 - Doubled energy of 45 GeV electrons in 1 meter plasma
- * Single Bunch



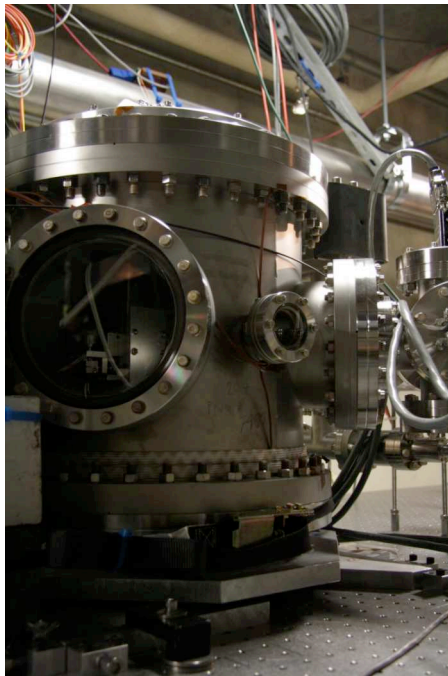


- * Beam loading at 37GeV/m ($z = 0$)
- * After 80cm plasma, gain 25GeV with 3% $\Delta E/E$
- * Wake evolution due to bunch head erosion, but no dephasing
- * Wake evolution "bends" energy gain but preserves low $\Delta E/E$
- * Drive to witness Energy transfer efficiency $\sim 20\%$

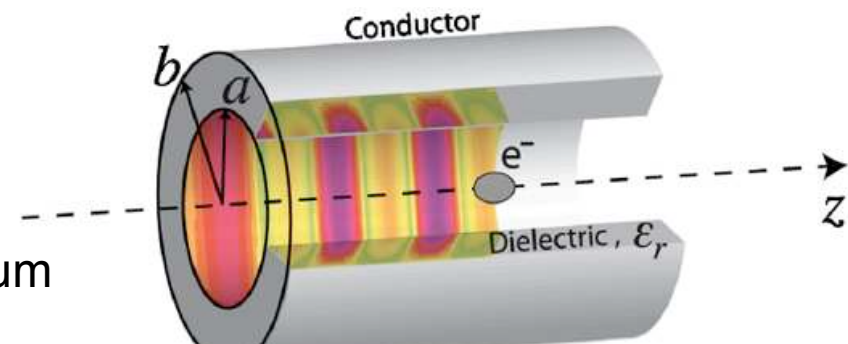




- * The FACET beam is sent through prototype dielectric wakefield acceleration structures
- * For 2012, they will make parametric breakdown studies and lifetime effects
- * They will install variable structures (dimensions, materials etc)
- * With the use of the notch collimator, they can use drive and witness bunches to observe acceleration
- * There is an alignment procedure that was successful at FFTB to ensure the beam passes through the structures with ID 100um

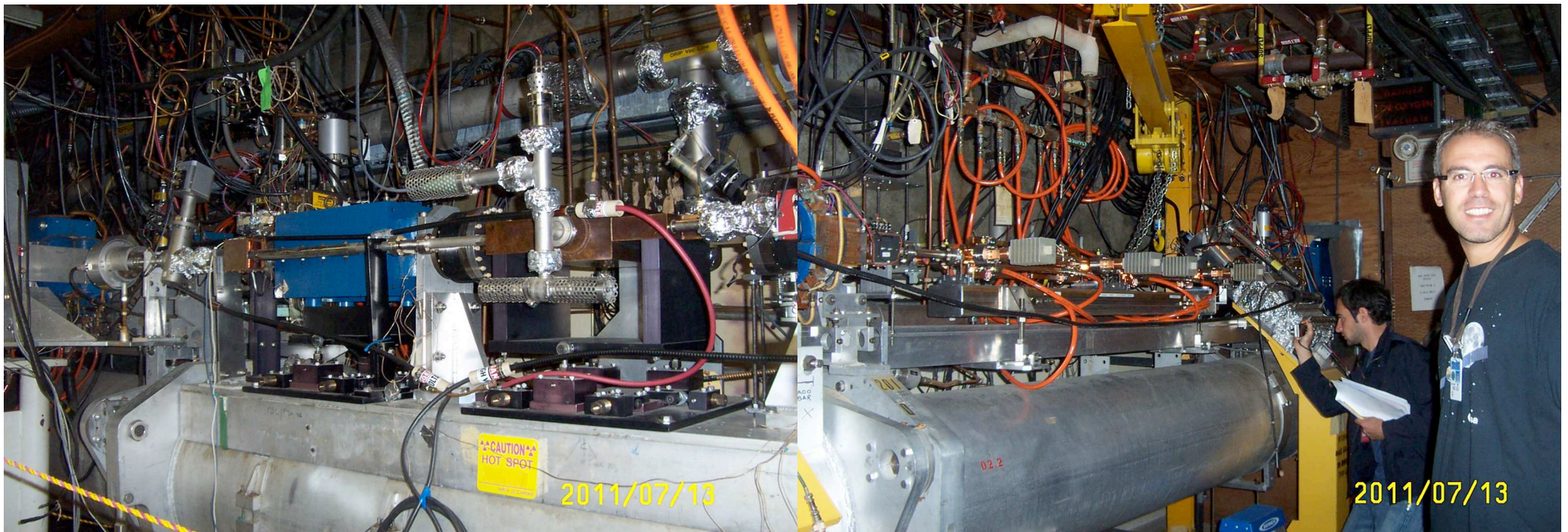


$a = 100\mu\text{m to } 800\mu\text{m}$



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- * The ASSET facility for wakefield measurements will be recommissioned
 - proposal to analyse CLIC accel. structures
 - * We are working with the CTF team to test steering algorithms in the linac
 - could be interesting for FACET operation
 - * Desire to bring the THz radiation out of the housing
 - allow convenient access to THz for users
 - $\geq 0.6\text{V}/\text{\AA}$, brightest source of THz radiation in existence
 - * Low emittance beam
 - $>$ low-divergence beam ($O(1\ \mu\text{r})$) is possible (esp. in vertical plane)
 - * e^- and e^+ beams have very similar characteristics

- * One bunch (e^+) excites wakefields
- * 2nd bunch (e^-) samples the fields
 - vernier timing between the two
 - use n BPMs downstream to increase sensitivity/reduce meas't noise.

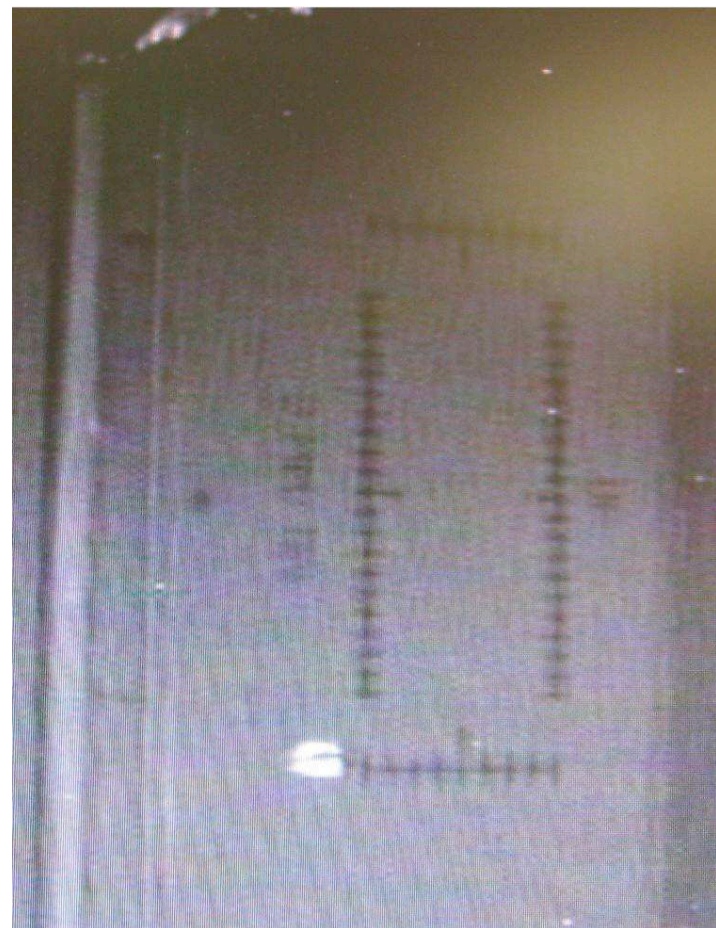


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- * Beam to dump 23-June
 - immediately clear that dipole calibration was not accurate
 - also, relatively heavy beam loss, not easily tuned out.
 - * “Relaxed lattice” with much less phase advance in x
 - allowed steering, aperture scans, reduction of beam loss
 - revealed serious aperture restriction near center of “W”
 - * Survey of center of “W” found vac. chamber in Q5E-R dislocated by $\approx 1/2$ inch (7-July).
 - supported properly => this restriction no longer present.
 - * Back to full-strength lattice
 - Some beam loss showed up again; getting about 90% through.
 - * More work on dipole settings
 - PCD did find issues with the transducer electronics, fixed the BACT–BMON diff (28-July).

1st beam on June 23 (these pix were taken later)

on FACET Dump

on Exit Window



SLC 2-DIMENSIONAL PHASE SPACE ANALYSIS

LI02 X-PLANE ELEC

```

3.106+- 0.167 ( 3.000)
3.122+- 0.186 ( 3.000)
1.005+- 0.010 ( 1.000)
-0.080+- 0.091 ( 0.000)
-0.060+- 0.026 ( 0.000)
14.130+- 1.340 ( 15.282)
-3.176+- 0.291 ( -3.369)
352.077+- 7.042 ( 356.827)
237.070+- 4.741 ( 230.382)
129.225+- 2.584 ( 137.319)
376.869+- 7.537 ( 371.774)
1.860+- 0.029
3.445268
0.000+- 0.012
-0.055+- 0.021
0.004+- 0.016
0.046+- 0.024
    
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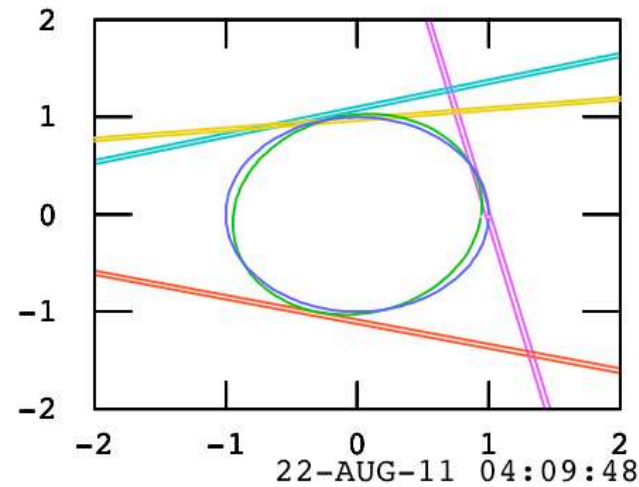
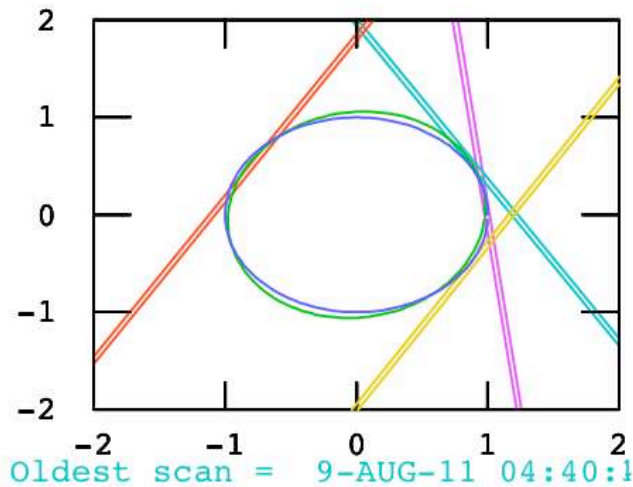
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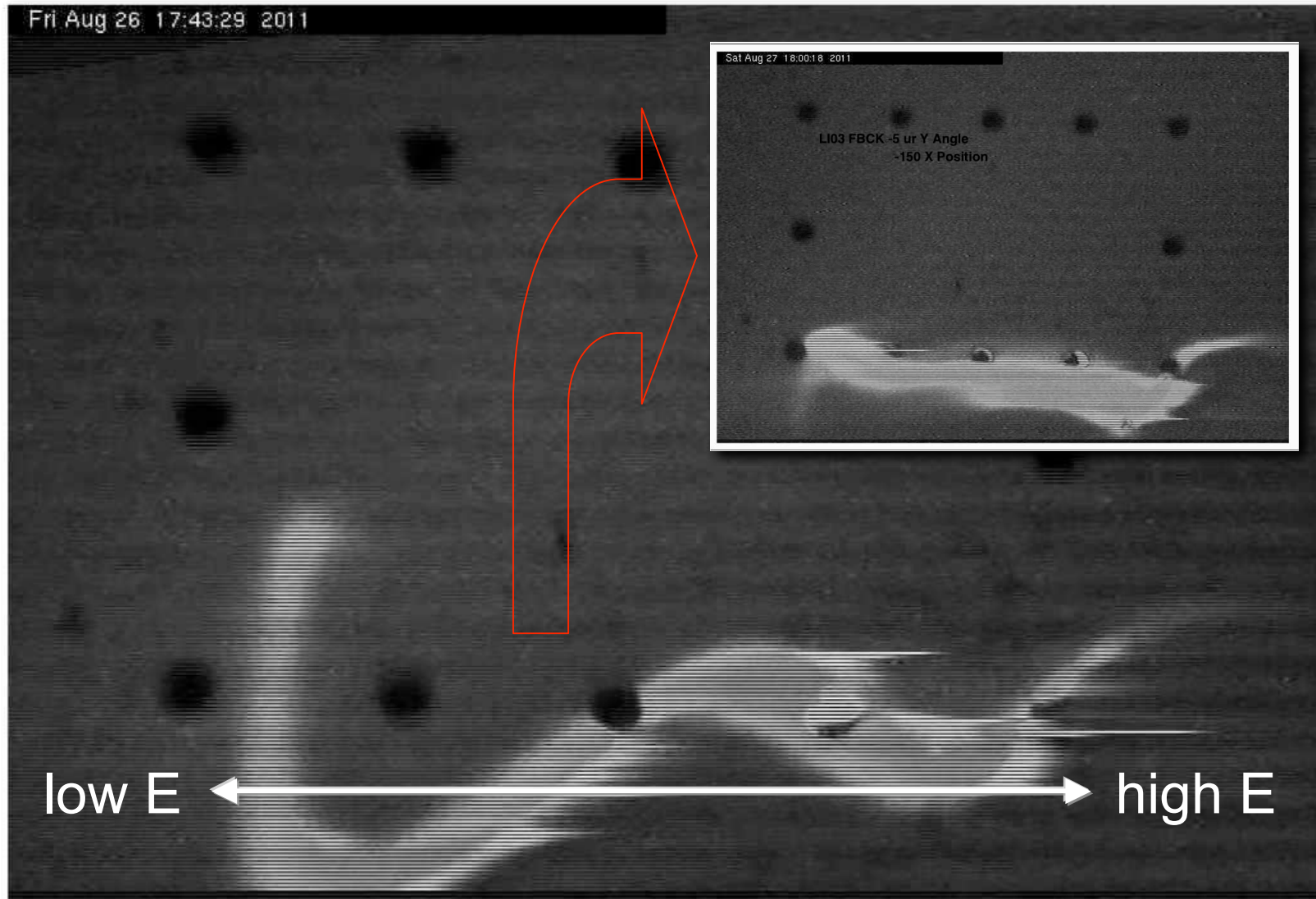
EMITTANCE (mE-5)
BMAG*EMIT (mE-5)
  BMAG
  BMAG COS
  BMAG SIN
  BETA (m)
  ALPHA
SIG ( 125 ) (um)
SIG ( 209 ) (um)
SIG ( 239 ) (um)
SIG ( 339 ) (um)
INTENSITY
CHISO/DOF
ASYM ( 125 )
ASYM ( 209 )
ASYM ( 239 )
ASYM ( 339 )
    
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LI02 Y-PLANE ELEC

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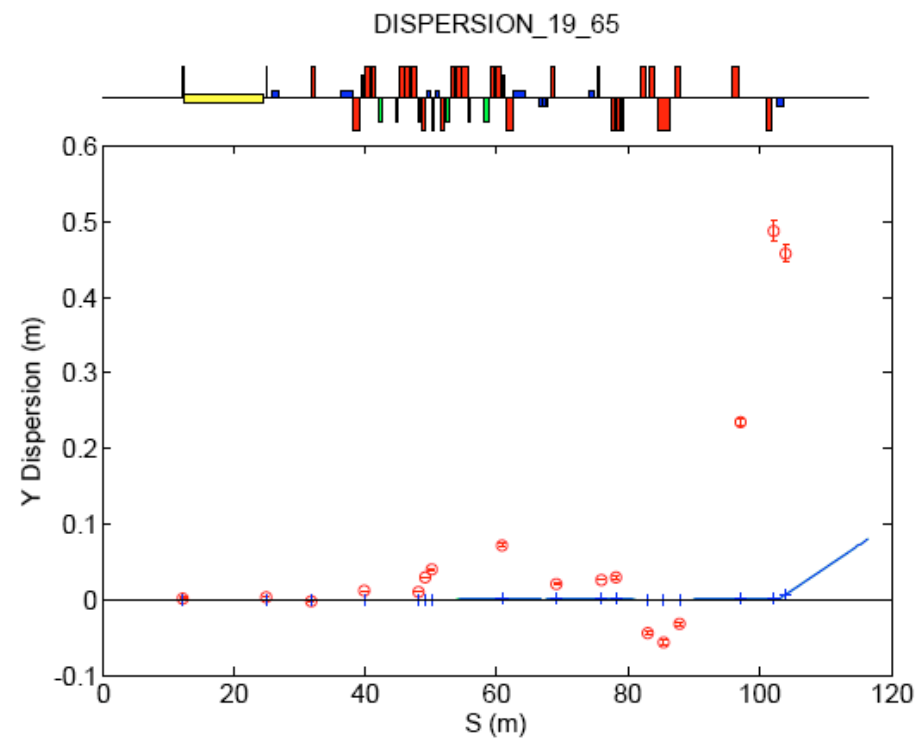
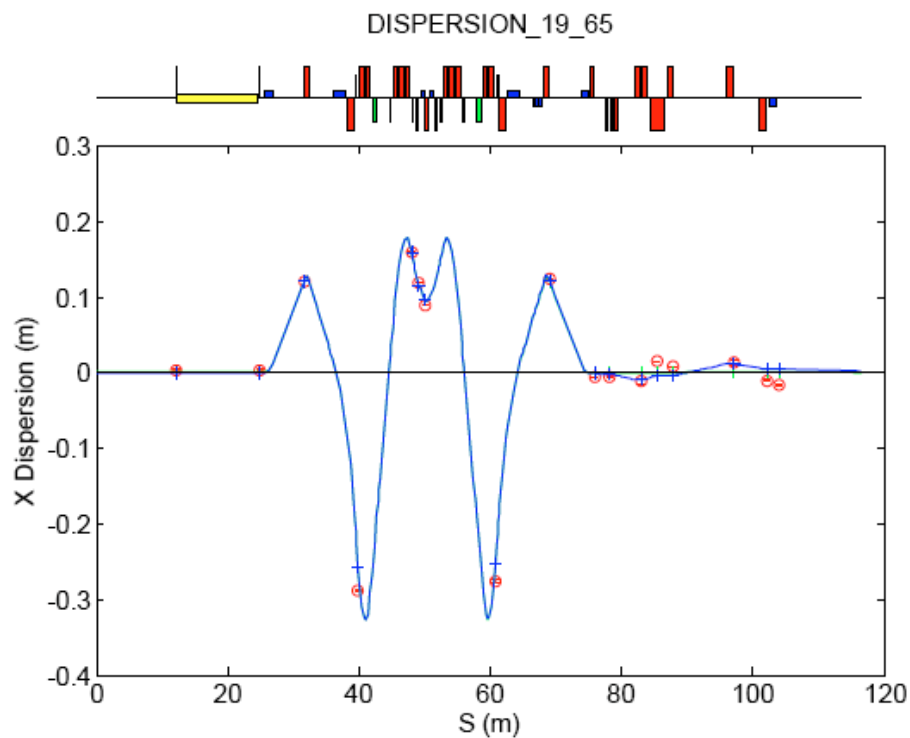
0.292+- 0.009 ( 0.300)
0.294+- 0.007 ( 0.300)
1.008+- 0.010 ( 1.000)
-0.086+- 0.034 ( 0.000)
-0.091+- 0.066 ( 0.000)
6.616+- 0.199 ( 7.179)
0.394+- 0.076 ( 0.526)
131.046+- 2.621 ( 135.393)
117.754+- 2.355 ( 112.551)
47.598+- 0.952 ( 44.427)
39.229+- 0.785 ( 40.285)
1.964+- 0.025
5.839703
-0.303+- 0.048
0.103+- 0.012
0.202+- 0.012
0.019+- 0.020
    
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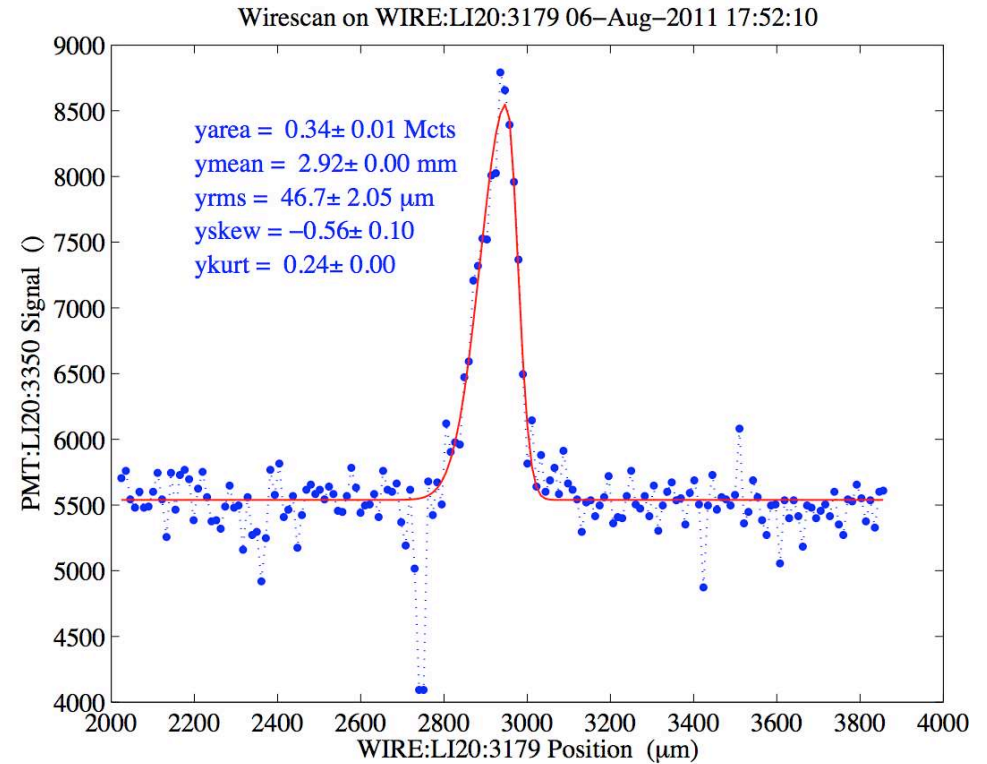
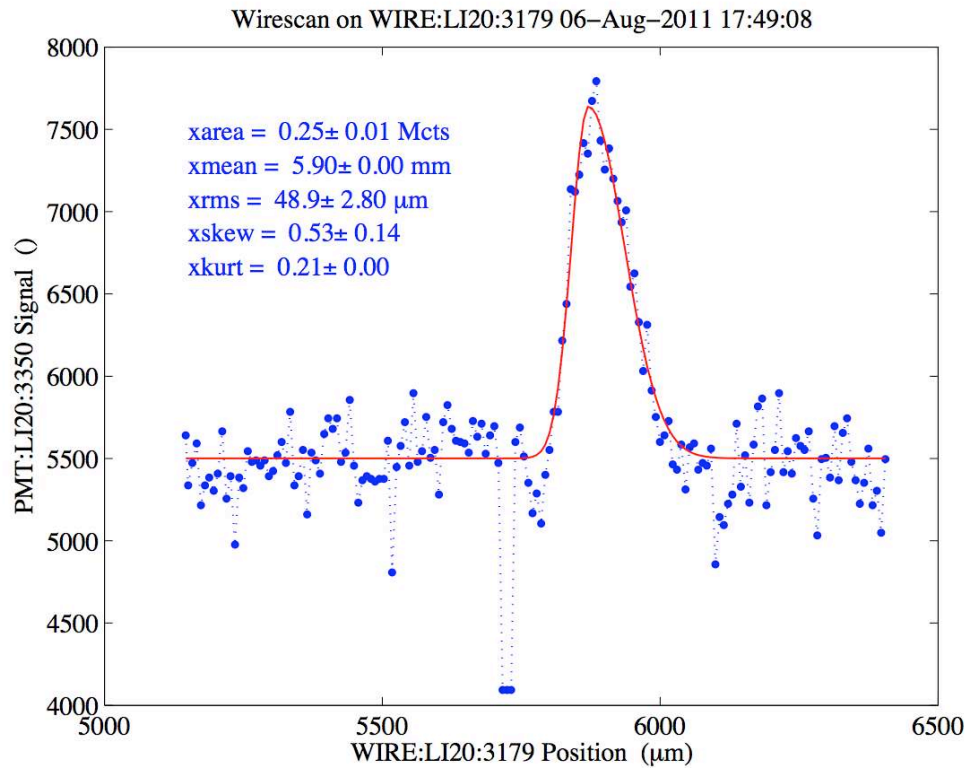


- * Note the rather large vertical dispersion.
 - Comparison to MAD results (Nosochkov) indicates S2E

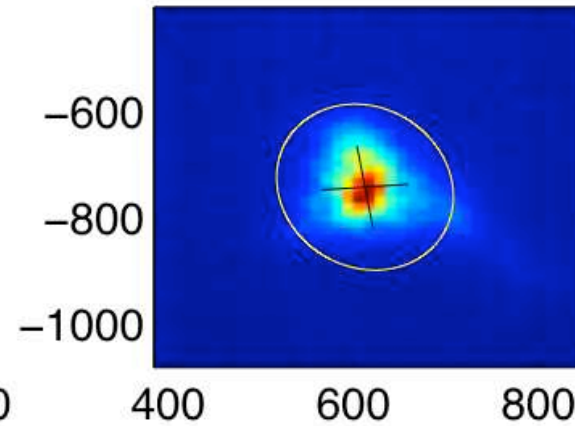
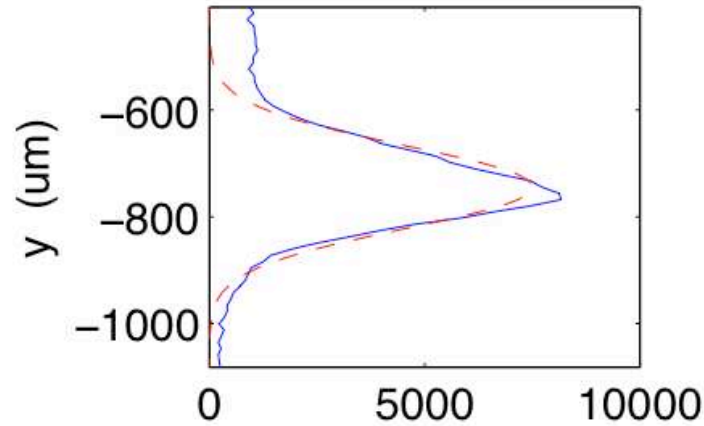
Woodley



* Note: the best ones were 30 μm by 32 μm

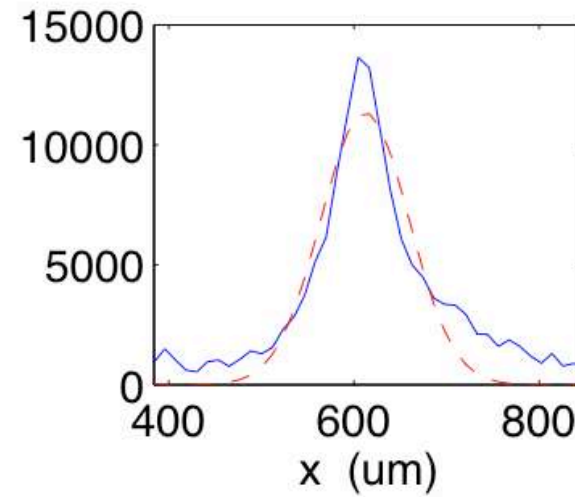


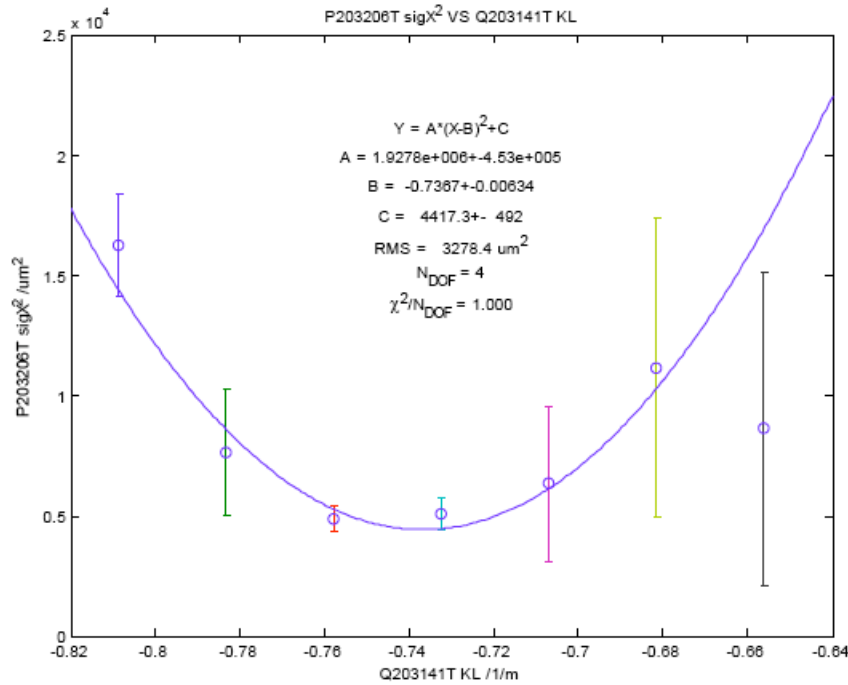
OTRS:LI20:3158



xmean = 611.92 um
 ymean = -744.33 um
 xrms = 47.75 um
 yrms = 77.71 um
 corr = -0.11
 sum = 0.12 Mcts

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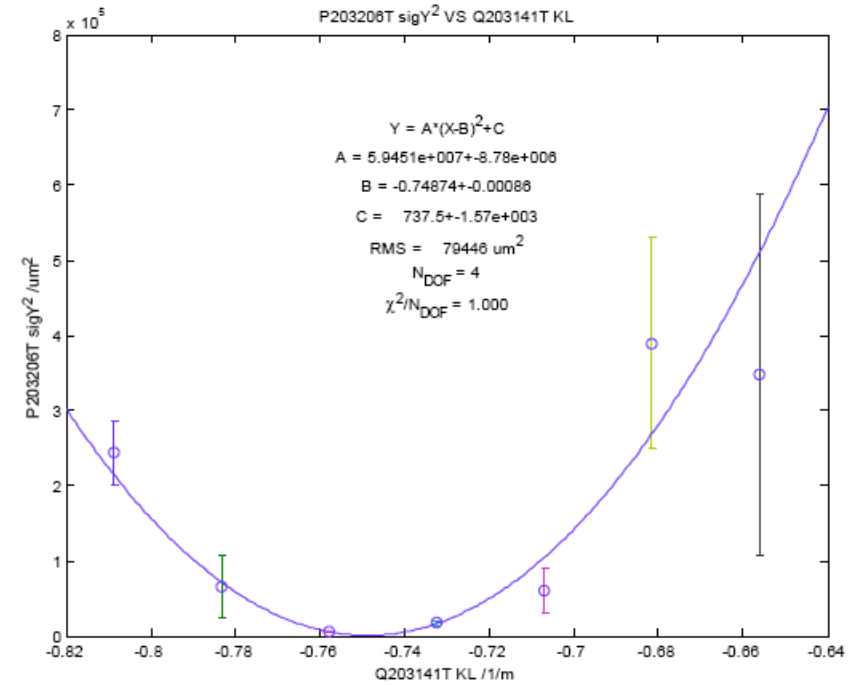


asymmetric

X emittance parameters at upstream end of Q203141T

THICK LENS

energy	=	19.650		GeV
emit	=	1.323e-008	+- 1.465e-009	m
emitn	=	5.088e-004	+- 5.635e-005	m
emitn*bmag	=	2.550e-001	+- 4.949e-002	m
bmag	=	501.094	+- 57.302	(1.000)
bmag_cos	=	-1.000	+- 0.000	(0.000)
bmag_sin	=	-0.010	+- 0.000	(0.000)
beta	=	23.594	+- 3.049	m (875.749)
alpha	=	6.836	+- 0.925	(442.991)
chi^2/N	=	1.000		



asymmetric

Y emittance parameters at upstream end of Q203141T

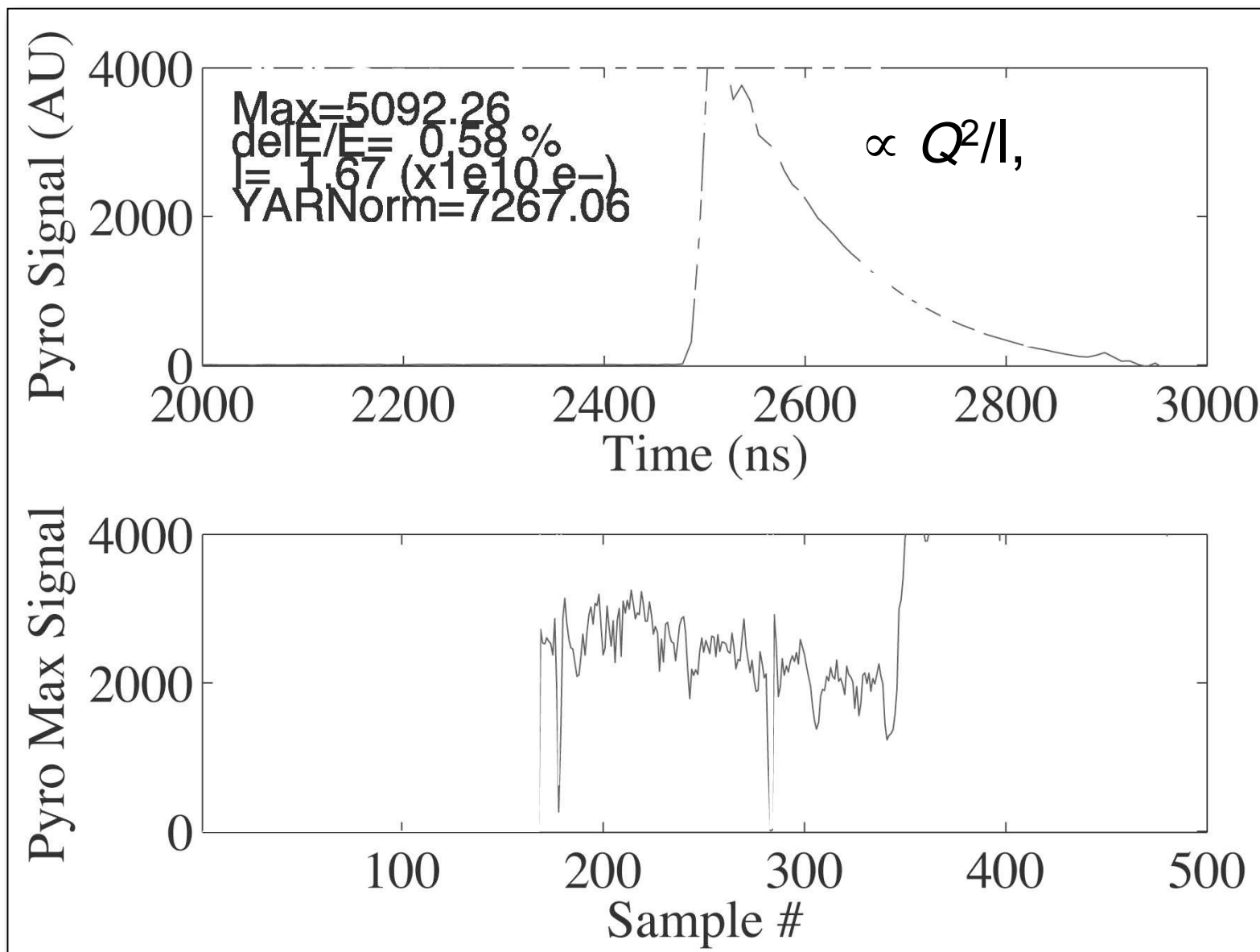
THICK LENS

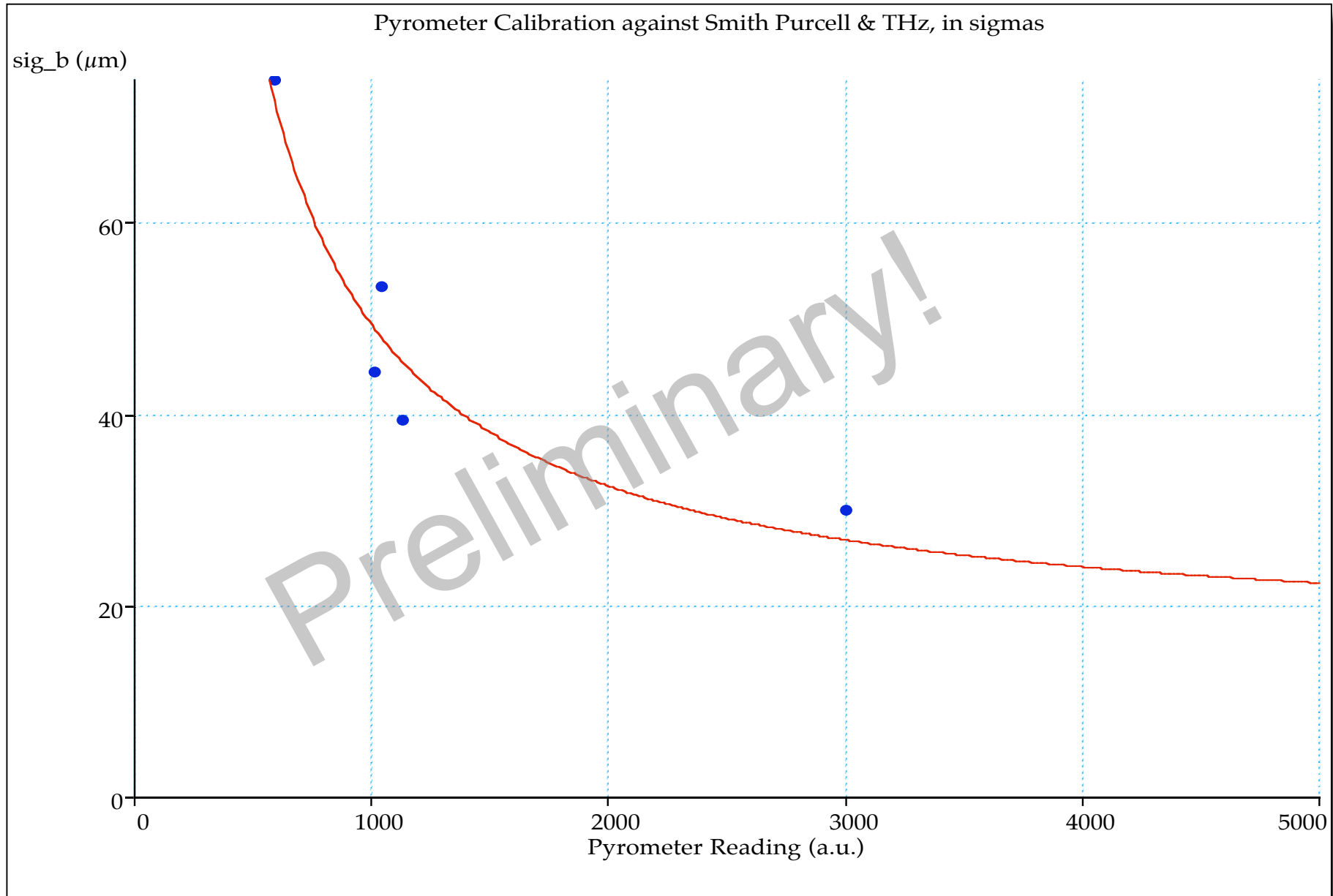
energy	=	19.650		GeV
emit	=	2.659e-009	+- 3.253e-009	m
emitn	=	1.022e-004	+- 1.251e-004	m
emitn*bmag	=	4.196e-003	+- 7.290e-004	m
bmag	=	41.047	+- 56.188	(1.000)
bmag_cos	=	-0.965	+- 0.000	(0.000)
bmag_sin	=	0.261	+- 0.000	(0.000)
beta	=	240.468	+- 326.489	m (167.548)
alpha	=	-94.309	+- 127.861	(-73.175)
chi^2/N	=	1.000		

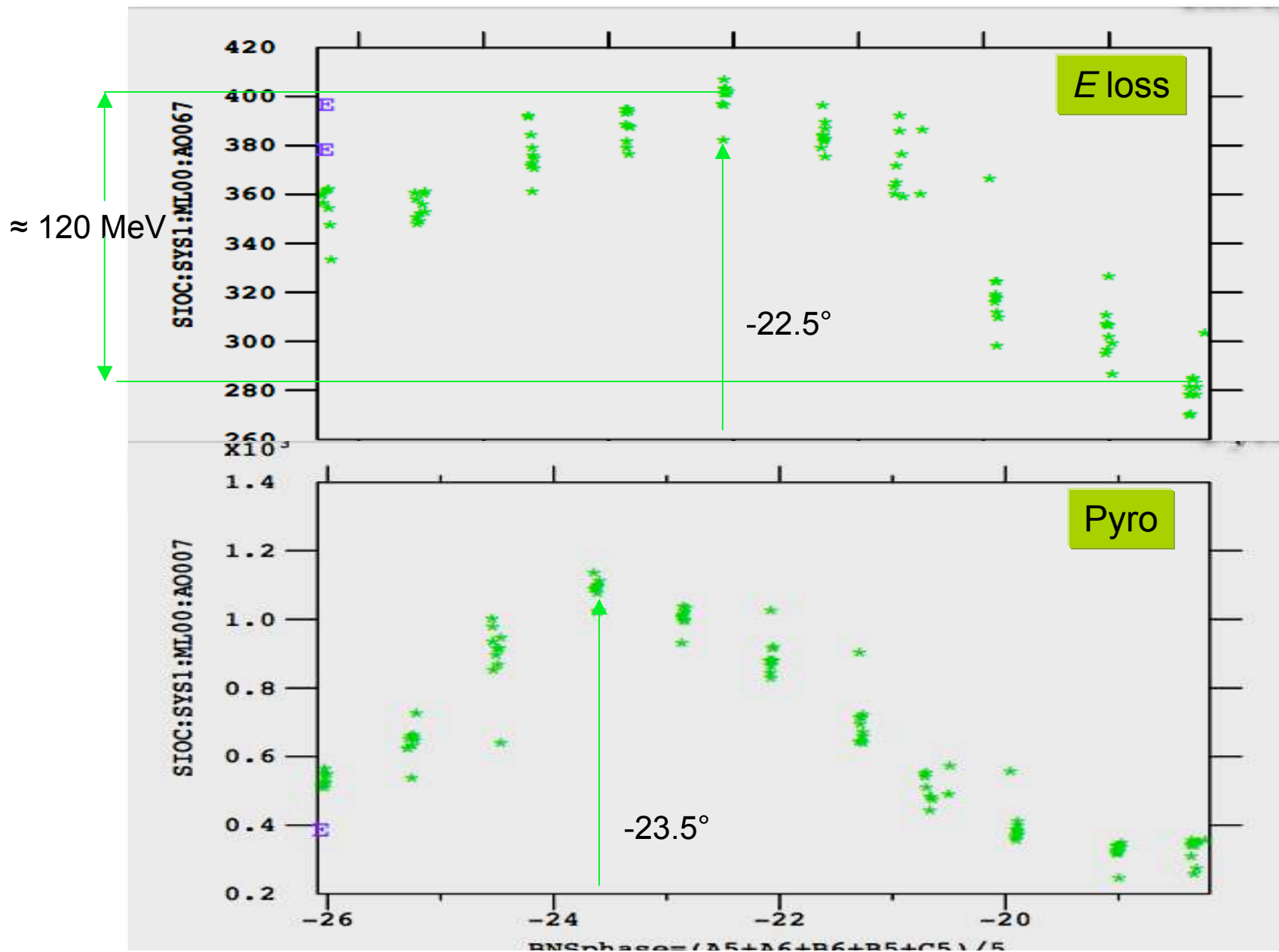
- * Elegant, 23 GeV, $\epsilon_{x,y} = 50$ by 5 μm r, $\beta^* = 1.5$ by 15 cm.
- blue, green numbers include tails

			No SR and Δ p/p = 0 (sext geometric)	No SR (chrom + sext geom)	+ISR	+ISR + CSR
Gaussian fit rms	σ_x	μm	4.4	8.2	11.6	15.0
	σ_y		4.1	7.0	7.1	7.1
Full rms	σ_x	μm	4.7	16.0	17.1	19.9
	σ_y		4.1	19.4	19.3	19.2
	$\gamma\epsilon_x$	$\mu\text{m-}$ rad	54.2	176.6	194.8	246.0
	$\gamma\epsilon_y$		5.1	30.2	30.0	30.1

5000 \approx 25 μ m
(\pm 25%)







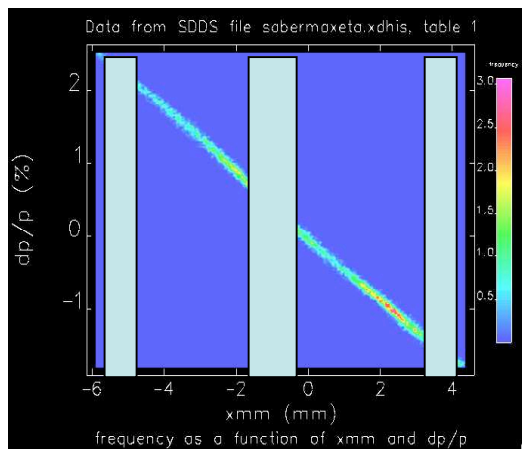
after about 2.5 months of beam commissioning

achieved

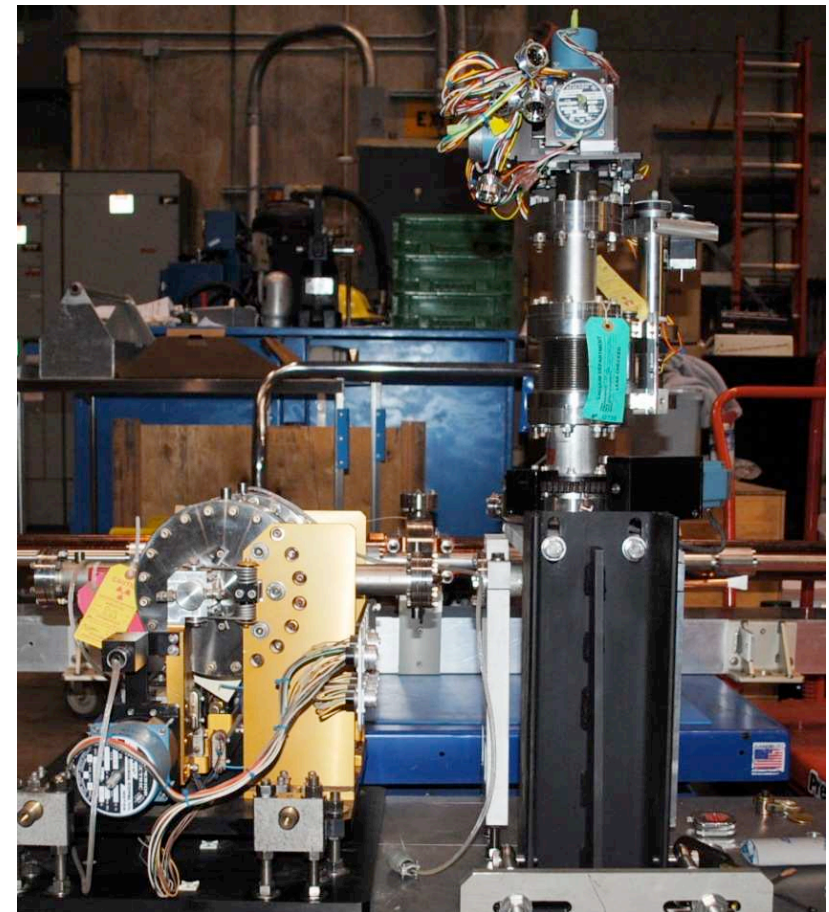
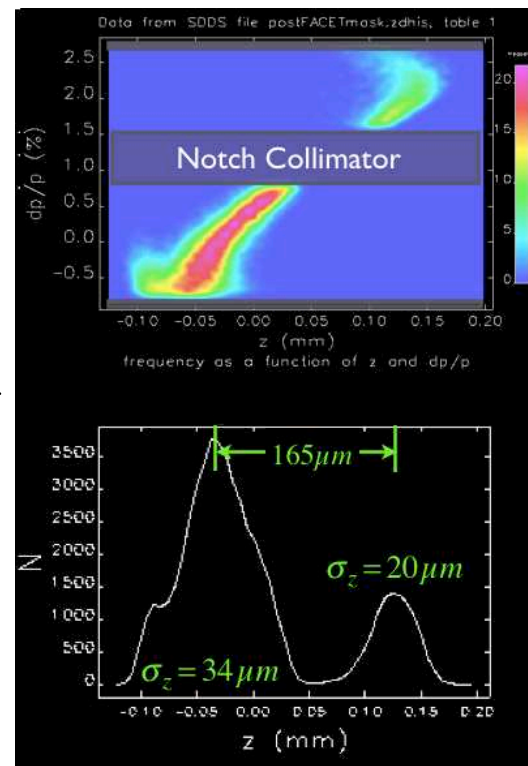
Energy	23 GeV	20.8 GeV
Charge per pulse	$0.5 - 2.0 \times 10^{10} e^-$ or e^+	$2.0 \times 10^{10} e^-$
Pulse length at IP (σ_z)	15 – 40 μm	$\approx 25 \mu\text{m}$ (THz), wakes similar to FFTB
Spot size at IP ($\sigma_{x,y}$)	10 – 20 μm	30...50 μm compressed 16 by 35 μm low Es spread
Repetition rate	1 – 30 Hz	10 Hz (ALARA)
Momentum spread	4 – 0.5%	3% fw PR185, SYAG
Momentum dispersion at IP (n and n')		$\eta \approx 0.004 \text{ m}$

-
- * Presently installing e⁺ chicane in S10
 - e⁻ or e⁺ through Chicane, but not both
 - * Project to install a transverse X-band cavity for direct bunch length & distribution measurement
 - * Install wirescanner & BLM in linac S18
 - also separate power for 4 quads for ϵ scans & improving match.
 - * Provide movers for S2E sextupoles
 - use extant FFTB units, want BPMs there as well
 - * Add more toroids to improve accuracy of charge meas't.

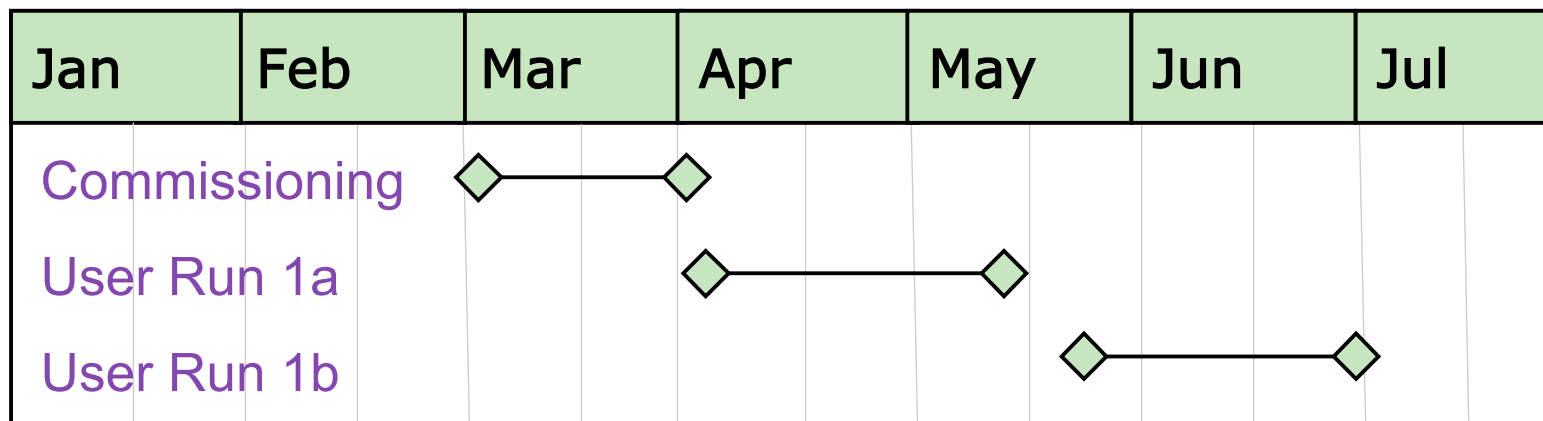
- * Used at FFTB, the Notch Collimator can “chop” the beam into two bunches and the Jaw Collimator can shape it
- * This will be installed this downtime
- * 2012 E-200 beam-time will commission the collimators
- * The Notch and Jaw Collimators can be used by most experiments at FACET



Selectively collimate in first leg of chicane



- * 5 weeks of commissioning + 10 weeks of User run time
- * An installation period will separate two User Runs to give the opportunity to install newly approved experiments and instrumentation
 - TCAV to be installed in this installation period in 2012
- * We will have access at least one day a week (every Wednesday)
 - Need to change-over E-202 samples every week (4-5 hours)
- * Some experiments will require daily accesses
- * Machine Development periods initially every week
- * Tuning will occur as a part of experimenter shifts



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- * We are asking for sufficient funds to run 4 months/year
 - “User Facility” status will help with funding
 - * We need to commission the positrons
 - in 2012 not sufficient funds to do this without compromising electron operation
 - in 2013 the e^+ will likely get higher priority
 - * Yearly proposal cycle will continue
 - Proposals due mid-October, SAREC review late January
 - * Further upgrades will be pursued
 - e.g. increase intensity to $4E10$ /bunch
 - e^+ “Sailboat” chicane in S20 (pending funding)
 - * At present, FACET has a projected lifetime of 5 years
 - in 2017, LCLS II may claim the middle km of the linac
 - We will be ready with a proposal for “FACET II” in S09 of the linac...

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- * FACET has had a good startup
 - Close to desired beam parameters after a shortened commissioning period
 - * 1st round of experiments is installed, received beam
 - some already have physics data & are writing papers
 - * 2012 Run has been scheduled
 - 5 wks startup & beam commissioning, then physics running
 - * New proposals (≈ 5) will be reviewed at the end of January
 - to be scheduled as machine time and readiness permit.
 - * For more info re. proposal process, contact
 - Christine Clarke (cclarke@slac.stanford.edu), FACET User Mgr.
 - or yours truly (uli@slac.stanford.edu)

FACET is Open for Business!